

Multi-Year Planning Template (MYPT) Job Aid:

How to sign in to the multi-year planning template

- Please sign into Smart View using the Citrix (<https://citrix.berkeley.edu/Citrix/vAppsWeb>). MS Excel will open automatically.
- Open the Multi-Year Planning Template after saving a local copy.
- Select the "Template" tab.
- Select the "Smart View" tab on the Excel ribbon.
- Select the "Panel" button in the top left corner in order to create a connection with the database.
- On the right hand side of your screen Select "Shared Connections", then connect to the database by using your Calnet ID username and password.
- Select a data source using the dropdown menu just below "Shared Connections".
- Select "Oracle Essbase" (See image in Appendix).
- Select the "+" sign to the right of "EssbaseCluster-1".
- Select the "+" sign next to "CalRptg", double click the new "CalRptg" sub menu
- Select "Ad Hoc Analysis".
- Select the Smart View tab, go to "options" and uncheck "adjust column width" (See image in Appendix).
- Select the Refresh button.
- You should now be signed into "Essbase" and can refresh the MYPT.

How to refresh the template tab

- On the "Template" tab, locate and Select your L3 Org Node in the POV dropdown above
- Select "OK".
- The template tab should now populate with your divisional data.
- Please take this opportunity to cross-foot your divisional data to ensure that the data were pulled correctly for your division.

Decision on preferred Org Node Level to model FY20 and FY21

- Decide whether you will build your multi-year plan at the L4 or L5 Org Node Level.

If you want to build your multi-year plan at a level lower than L5, please contact Herve' Bruckert at hbruckert@berkeley.edu

Cascading the Template Down

Please attempt to perform this step during non-peak hours. We suggest having a staff member run this well in advance of submission. Please see the Cal Planning Schedule (<https://calplanning.berkeley.edu/system-availability>) for the best hours of operation. Use a live feed for your connection and not a Wi-Fi connection to perform your cascade.

- On the Essbase tab, select the "cascade" function. If the cascade function is not active see the TIPS section in the appendix for guidance.
- Select "same workbook".
- A member selection box will open automatically at the top left corner.
- Select "Total Entity".
- Find and select your L3 Org Node and select the "+" sign to be able to select the appropriate L4 or L5 Org Nodes to cascade to.

- Select the blue arrows in the middle to bring your selections to the right.
- Remove the L3 Org Node from your list by selecting it and moving it to the left using the blue arrows.
- Select OK.
- The process of cascading down is now in progress and might take up to 20 minutes to run for large divisions. Do not run any other operation on your computer during this data transfer.
- The Org Nodes you selected to cascade down to will now be shown as separate tabs on the right side of your original L3 Org Node "Template" tab.

Modeling FY20 and FY21 in the Template

In each of the cascaded L4 or L5 Org Node tabs, you will now need to model FY20 and FY21 for each account category with the **exception** of campus support, which is modeled by the Campus Budget Office. Campus support elements have been modeled differently and those lines should **not** be changed. FY20 and FY21 has been pre-populated using modeling based on prior year's trends. Since FY20 and FY21 projections are based, in part, on the FY19 operating budget, any changes made to the FY19 operating budget **will impact** the FY20 and FY21 projections.

To post changes in FY20 and FY21, you have the choice to use a percentage increase compared to prior year budget **and/or** a dollar increase. See below on how to make those changes:

- **Percentage increases** should be entered in column M and Q and **dollar increases** should be entered in column N and R.
- Once your modeling has been completed for each elements of your L4 or L5 we will now need to consolidate the data at the L3 Org Node Level.

IMPORTANT: The cells in **light blue** in column M, N, Q and R are the only cells to use for input. **Do not enter data in other cells.**

Consolidating the L4 or L5 Org Node tabs

- The "consolidation" tab will consolidate all tabs between the "Beg" tab and the "End" tab.
- To consolidate the data, move (click and drag) the "Beg" tab right after the "Template" tab.
- The "Consolidation" tab will now be automatically populated.
- Ensure that all your L4 or L5 Org Nodes are shown in the tabs between the "Beg" and "End" tab.
- Check Row 68 of the "Consolidation" tab, which has a control function. The amount on this line should be \$0. If it is not, the sum of the L4 or L5 Org Nodes tabs between the "Beg" and "End" tab does not properly aggregate to the L3 Org Node data.
- This error can occur when some L4 or L5 Org Node are either missing or are extra between the "Beg" and "End" tab. This error can also occur when the L3 Org Node was left in the dataset and not removed from the Org Nodes to cascade to.

Executive Summary View Tab

- Once the consolidation is completed, the "executive summary view" tab will populate automatically with the lower level data.
- Please review and verify this information prior to its submission for completeness.

APPENDIX

Tips for using the template

Restarting a cascade

- To restart a new or different cascade, simply delete the tabs that have been created as a result of your first cascade.
- Then re-cascade the template using the process described above.

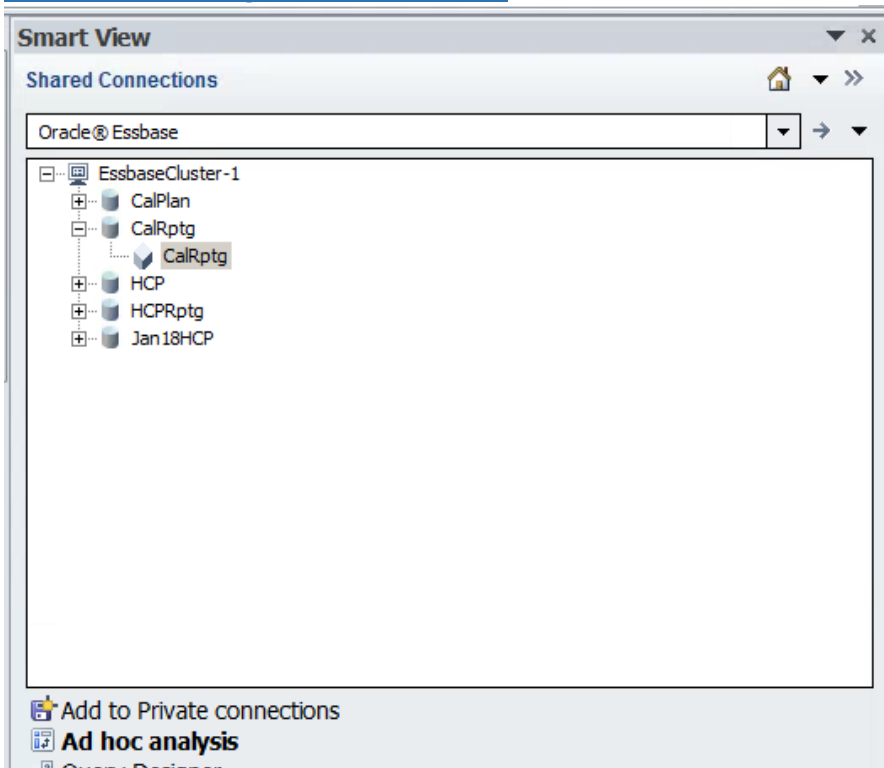
Activating the cascading down function

- If the cascade function is shown in grey instead of black in the ESSBASE tab:
- Select the Smartview tab.
- Select panel.
- Select shared connection.
- In the drop down menu select "Oracle Essbase".
- Select the "+" sign next to "EssbaseCluster-1", and then again select the "+" sign next to "CalRptg".
- You should now be able to select the "cascade" function.

Excel Functions Used (For Reference)

- CAGR is used in column H and I to determine the compounded average growth rate.
`=IFERROR((G5/C5)^(1/3)-1,"-")`
- CAGR is used in column J to determine the compounded average growth rate but based on the linear modeling of the data, not just the two end points.
`=IFERROR((((C5+3*SLOPE(CHOOSE({1,2,3,4},C5,D5,F5,G5),CHOOSE({1,2,3,4},C47,D47,F47,G47)))/C5)^(1/3)-1,"-")`
- Two data sets are needed to calculate a CAGR. The first data is calculated by taking the data for the first year (C5) and adding 3 times the slope of the linear model. The second data is the data for the first year.
- The CHOOSE function allows to select cells that are not next to each other.
- FORECAST is used to determine FY20 and FY21 projections based on linear modeling.
- `=IFERROR(IF(K5+L5=0,FORECAST(M47,CHOOSE({1,2,3,4,5},B5,C5,D5,F5,G5),CHOOSE({1,2,3,4,5},B47,C47,D47,F47,G47)),G5*(1+K5)+L5),0)`

Connection Image for Smart View



Setting Image for Smart View

